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There is more to practice on **ElectroMath in module 3 Capacitors** Answers are below!

1) A capacitor is fully charged after 25 seconds to a battery voltage of 20v. The battery is replaced with a short circuit. What will be the Voltage across the capacitor after one time constant? a) 12.64v b) 7.36v c) 0v

2) Three 5-microfarad capacitors connected in parallel. What is there total capacitance? a) 15 b) 5 c) 1.66

3) Three capacitors 10 microfarads, 10 nanofarads, 10 millifarads are connected in parallel. What is there total capacitance? a) 10,01001 μ F b) 111 μ F c) 1.001001 μ F

4) If a 1μ F capacitor has a potential difference across it of 5v what is the energy stored? a) 12.5 J b) 12.5 μ J c) 25 mJ

5) What must you do to make a 3 F capacitor circuit into a 2 F circuit?

a) Put a 1 F capacitor in series

b) Put a 6 F capacitor in series

c) Put a 2 F capacitor in parallel

6) The time required to fully charge a 1 $\mu{\rm F}$ capacitor in series with a 100k ohm resistor is a) 500 ms $\,$ b) 100 s $\,$ c) 100 ms

7) A 50μ F capacitor is fed with a current of 25 mA. How long will it take to charge it to 100V? a) 12 minutes b) 0.2 seconds c) 1 second

8) In a circuit C = 25 microfarads and the current flow is 40 microamps for 4 seconds. What is the voltage? a) 6.4V b) 12.8V c) 3.2V

9) Three 12 F capacitors are in series. The total capacitance is a) 4 $\mu F~$ b) 36 $\mu F~$ c) 12 $\mu F~$

10) What is the total capacitance of a parallel circuit containing three capacitors with capacitance of 0.25microfarad, .03microfarad, and 0.12microfarad, respectively? a) 0.04 μ F b) 0.4 μ F c) 0.04 pF

11) Three 12 microfarad capacitors in parallel. The overall circuit capacitance is a) 4 microfarads b) 36 microfarads c) 1 microfarads

12) A circuit has 1 megohm and 8 microfarads. What is the time constant? a) 8 seconds b) 40 seconds c) 1 second

13) A 20 Picofarad capacitor with a 1 Megohm resistor takes how long to charge? a) 20 milliseconds b) 0.1 second c) 100 microseconds

14) What is the value of a monolithic capacitor with 103 on it? a) 10,000pf b) 100,000pf c) 1000pf

15) Total capacitance of 3 capacitors each 12mF in a parallel circuit a) 36mF b) 6mf c) 12mF

16) A combination of 1 megohm and 8 microfarad would give a time constant of a) 8 seconds b) 40 seconds c) 400 ms

17) A capacitor has Brown, Black and Orange bands. It's value isa) 10 picofaradsb) 10 nanofaradsc) 100 picofarads

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Capacitors Answers are below!

18) A circuit with a capacitor has 6 volts applied to it with a charge of 2400 pico-coulombs. What would the charge be if the applied voltage was 1.5 volts ? a) 2400 x 10^{-6} F coulombs b) 600 x 10^{-9} coulombs c) 600 x 10^{-12} coulombs

19) Three capacitors connected in series, each having a value of 12 picofarads, calculate the total capacitance. a) 4 picofarads b) 6 picofarads c) 12 picofarads

20) A circuit with a capacitor has 6-volts applied and a charge of 2400 picocoulombs. What would be the charge if 1.2-volts were applied?

a) 4.8 nanocoulombs b) 2400 picocoulombs c) 600 picocoulombs

21) A power supply filter uses five series-connected 2200 F capacitors each rated at 50 V. What single capacitor could be used to replace them? a) 440 μ F at 50V b) 440 μ F at 250 V c) 11000 μ F at 250 V

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ANSWERS:

 $1b \quad 2a \quad 3a \quad 4b \quad 5b \quad 6a \quad 7c \quad 8a \quad 9a \quad 10b \quad 11b \quad 12a \quad 13c \quad 14a \quad 15a \quad 16a \quad 17b \quad 18c \quad 19a \quad 20a \quad 21b \quad 18c \quad 1$

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1) A capacitor is fully charged after 25 seconds to a battery voltage of 20v. The battery is replaced with a short circuit. What will be the Voltage across the capacitor after one time constant? a) 12.64v b) 7.36v c) 0v

The time required to charge a capacitor to 63.2 percent of full charge or to discharge it to 36.8 percent of its initial voltage is known as the **Time Constant** of the circuit $20V \ge 0.368 = 7.36V$

Info about charging and discharging of capacitors!

2) Three 5-microfarad capacitors connected in parallel. What is there total capacitance? a) 15 b) 5 c) 1.66 Capacitors in parallel is $C_t = C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + \dots = 5\mu F + 5\mu F = 15\mu F$

3) Three capacitors 10 microfarads, 10 nanofarads, 10 millifarads are connected in parallel. What is there total capacitance? a) 10,01001 μ F b) 111 μ F c) 1.001001 μ F Capacitors in parallel is C_t = C₁ + C₂ + C₃ = 10,000nF + 10nF + 10,000,000nF = **10,010,010nF**

4) If a 1μF capacitor has a potential difference across it of 5v what is the energy stored?
a) 12.5 J b) 12.5 μJ c) 25 mJ

 $U = 0.5 \ge \frac{Q^2}{C} = 0.5 \ge Q \ge V = 0.5 \ge C \ge V^2$ where Capacity is in Farad. 0.5 $\ge 1\mu$ F is 0.000,001F ≥ 5 V ≥ 5 V $\ge 12.5\mu$ J Info about energy stored on a capacitor!

5) What must you do to make a 3 F capacitor circuit into a 2 F circuit?

a) Put a 1 F capacitor in series

b) Put a 6 F capacitor in series

c) Put a 2 F capacitor in parallel

 $\frac{1}{C_T} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \frac{1}{C_3} + \dots$ For 3F circuit to make a 2F circuit, 3x2 capacitors must be used! Basically total capacity is smaller than the smallest capacitor when capacitors are in series!

6) The time required to fully charge a 1 μ F capacitor in series with a 100k ohm resistor is a) 500 ms b) 100 s c) 100 ms

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